## PRESENT PERFECT SIMPLE

Ovo vreme gradi se na sledeći način:

pomoćni glagol HAVE u prostom sadašnjem vremenu + prošli particip (III kolona kod nepravilnih glagola; infinitiv + nastavak -ed kod pravilnih glagola)

## Potvrdni oblik:

I have worked We have worked

You have worked You have worked

He/She/It has worked They have worked

Upitni oblik: inverzija

Have I worked? Have we worked?

Have you worked? Have you worked?

Has he/she/it worked? Have they worked?

## Odrični oblik:

I haven't worked We haven't worked

You haven't worked You haven't worked

He/She/It hasn't worked They haven't worked

Vremenski prilozi koji se koriste uz present perfect: for, since, ever, never, yet, already, so far, lately, recently, how long?, just, before.

## Kada se koristi ovo vreme?

- 1. Povezuje prošlost i sadašnjost, tako da izražava radnje koje se još nisu završile: (prilozi for i since označavaju vremenski period koji još nije završen)
  - I haven't seen John for some time. (nisam ga video od nekog trenutka u prošlosti pa do sad, računajući i momenat u kom govorim)
- 2. Iskazuje iskustvo ili nedostatak iskustva:
  - I have never been to Africa. Have you ever eaten shrimps?
- 3. Iskazuje svršenu radnju koja se desila neposredno pre trenutka govora (ovde se koristi prilog just= upravo)
  - We have just come back from the party.
- 4. Iskazuje svršenu radnju za koju nije poznato ili nije važno ili se ne želi navesti kada se u prošlosti dogodila:
  - We have found someone's wallet in the street.
  - Ukoliko znamo i želimo da navedemo kada se radnja dogodila, moramo koristiti past simple: We found someone's wallet in the street yesterday.

1. Write sentences using the Present Perfect form and since or for.
a. I / not / play / tennis / last summer. I haven't played tennis since last summer.
b. I / know / her / more than ten years.
c. I / not / eat / anything / lunchtime.
d. You / live / in this town / a long time?
e. Jill / be / a good friend / we were at school together.
f. You / see / Jack / the party last week?
2. Complete the text using the Past Simple or the Present Perfect tense.
London has had (have) an underground train system since the 19th century. The London
Underground (start) in 1863, when engineers and workers (build) the
Metropolitan railway. This railway line (go) from Paddington Station to Farringdon
Street Station. It (be) a very short line. Eight more lines (open) since then.
The world's first electric railway (open) in 1890. This line (go) from the
city centre to South London. The most modern line is the Jubilee line. It (open) in
1977. Since the London Underground (begin), many other cities, like New York and
Moscow, (build) their own systems.
3. Correct the following sentences:
a. I have played tennis last week. I played tennis last week.
b. They have finished work yet.
c. When you bought that umbrella?
d. Look! I have buy a new umbrella.
e. I have bought three CDs last week.
f. She didn't saw that film.
g. She hasn't never seen that film
Dodatni materijal:

Vežbe:

https://elt.oup.com/elt/students/thinkenglishitaly3level/pdf/te3\_int\_entcheck\_05.pdf