

1 Put the following sentences into the interrogative and negative form:

1. We're going to stay in the Hotel Athena in Manhattan.
2. You are going to leave your boyfriend.
3. They are going to change your holiday!

2 Complete the sentences with *a, an, some, or any*.

Example: We can't have an omelette. There aren't any eggs.

- 1 'Can I have a sandwich, please?' 'Sorry. There isn't _____ bread.'
- 2 'I'm thirsty.' 'Do you want _____ glass of orange juice?'
- 3 'She wants to give us _____ rice for dinner.'
- 4 'Are there _____ tomatoes?' 'No. I had the last one.'
- 5 'I'm a vegetarian. I don't want _____ meat.'
- 6 'There are _____ mushrooms on the table.'

3 Mark the following nouns with C for a countable noun and U for an uncountable one:

Example: water U

cheese _____
orange juice _____
apple _____
hamburger _____
fruit _____
vegetables _____
cake _____
sugar _____
hot dog _____

4 Complete with many, much or a lot of:

1. I am always thirsty after the training, so I drink _____ water.
2. How _____ cigarettes do you smoke?
3. We don't need so _____ sugar in our coffee.
4. He drinks quite _____ Coca Cola. It is very bad for his health.
5. How _____ money do you need?

5 Match the words with the same sound.

cloudy friendly **high** ~~meet~~ popular **key**

Example: tea meet

- 1 slept _____

- 2 white _____
- 3 found _____
- 4 father _____
- 5 ketchup _____

6 Use the correct *going to* form of the verb in brackets:

- 1. We _____ (move) house as soon as we find a new one.
- 2. Mark is studying Spanish. He says that he _____ (find) a job in Spain.
- 3. We are decorating our house because we _____ (have) a party for the weekend.

7 Translate into Serbian:

- 1) Recent surveys show that there are four main changes in the population in Europe. Firstly, the population in general is getting older and smaller. This is because people are living longer and having fewer children. Secondly, a lot of people living in other parts of the world are moving to Europe to work and the populations are becoming very mixed and multicultural. Thirdly, young people are studying for a long time and starting their first job at a later age.
- 2) The Internet is especially practical for services. For example, you can now look for and compare travel information, book your holiday and get your ticket without going to a travel agency. This is good for the Internet but bad for small shops. In fact, small shops now only have 47% of all shopping space in the UK, compared with 73% twenty years ago.