

## GRAMMAR

Tick (✓) A, B, or C to complete the sentences.

Example: My parents \_\_\_\_\_ in China.

A are born  B were born  C was born

- 1 She \_\_\_\_\_ had a bank account for five years now.  
A had  B has  C have
- 2 His latest film isn't \_\_\_\_\_ the last one I saw.  
A as good than  B better  C as good as
- 3 **Anne** How long \_\_\_\_\_ for me?  
**Bill** For half an hour!  
A are you waiting  B do you wait  C have you been waiting
- 4 I've been playing football \_\_\_\_\_ I was six years old.  
A when  B since  C for
- 5 **Alex** When \_\_\_\_\_ on holiday to Thailand?  
**Beth** Two years ago.  
A did you go  B have you gone  C you went
- 6 Let's eat in this restaurant. It's \_\_\_\_\_ than the other one.  
A less expensive  B more cheaper  C as expensive
- 7 **Amy** Can I speak to Peter, please?  
**Bob** Sorry, he \_\_\_\_\_ out.  
A has just been  B just has been  C has just gone
- 8 You look tired. What \_\_\_\_\_?  
A you have been doing  B have you doing  C have you been doing
- 9 Have you \_\_\_\_\_? There's blue paint in your hair!  
A been painting  B painting  C painted
- 10 He was \_\_\_\_\_ teacher I've ever had.  
A the worse  B worst  C the worst
- 11 He \_\_\_\_\_ saved enough money yet. He needs another 500 euros.  
A hadn't  B hasn't  C has
- 12 The journey didn't take as long \_\_\_\_\_ we thought.  
A that  B than  C as
- 13 How long have they \_\_\_\_\_ going out together?  
A been  B already  C be
- 14 Have you \_\_\_\_\_ been to South America?  
A ever  B yet  C never
- 15 We've been living in this house \_\_\_\_\_ four years now.  
A from  B since  C for
- 16 I haven't finished my exams \_\_\_\_\_. I've got two more next week.  
A already  B yet  C soon
- 17 How much money \_\_\_\_\_ you earn last month?

- A did  B have  C do
- 18 I love Venice. It's \_\_\_\_\_ beautiful city I've been to.  
A the  B the most  C most
- 19 I haven't seen you \_\_\_\_\_ last summer. How are you?  
A since  B for  C until
- 20 **Alice** Would you like a cup of coffee?  
**Bruno** No, thanks. I've \_\_\_\_\_ one.  
A yet had  B just had  C just have

## VOCABULARY

### a Tick (✓) the synonym of the adjectives.

Example: very small

A tiny  B tinny  C tin

- 1 very dirty  
A furious  B filthy  C awful
- 2 very angry  
A awful  B starving  C furious
- 3 very tasty  
A delicious  B boiling  C freezing
- 4 very hungry  
A terrified  B starving  C boiling
- 5 very big  
A boiling  B awful  C enormous

### b Tick (✓) A, B, or C to complete the sentences with money words.

Example: Could I borrow £10 until tomorrow, please?

A lend  B borrow  C give

- 6 I bought this book yesterday. It \_\_\_\_\_ £20.  
A spend  B cost  C costed
- 7 This ring isn't \_\_\_\_\_ a lot of money, but I love it!  
A cost  B afford  C worth
- 8 Here's the money you \_\_\_\_\_ me last week – thank you.  
A lent  B borrowed  C owed
- 9 My parents have just finished paying the \_\_\_\_\_ on their house.  
A money  B investment  C mortgage
- 10 Is there a cash machine near here? I need to \_\_\_\_\_ some money.  
A take out  B take away  C take off

**c Tick (✓) A, B, or C to complete the sentences with the missing prepositions.**

Example: The train went through the tunnel.

A from  B up  C through

- 11 I'll pay \_\_\_\_\_ this by credit card.  
A at  B for  C with
- 12 My brother borrowed £10 \_\_\_\_\_ me last month.  
A from  B by  C to
- 13 I paid for dinner \_\_\_\_\_ cash.  
A for  B by  C in
- 14 The hotel charged me €25 \_\_\_\_\_ a two-minute phone call.  
A for  B of  C from
- 15 Chris still hasn't paid me \_\_\_\_\_ the money I lent him!  
A up  B back  C with

**d Tick (✓) A, B, or C to complete the sentences with compound nouns.**

Example: Please go to the **check-in**desk.

A desk  B door  C office

- 16 Slow down! The \_\_\_\_\_ **limit** here is 40 kph.  
A driving  B traffic  C speed
- 17 We arrived late because there was a terrible **traffic** \_\_\_\_\_.  
A jam  B block  C lights
- 18 I had to pay a €50 **parking** \_\_\_\_\_.  
A fine  B fee  C find
- 19 I never use **public** \_\_\_\_\_. I always go by car.  
A bus  B transport  C transports
- 20 Before we got on the plane we had to show our \_\_\_\_\_ **cards**.  
A check-in  B boarding  C ticket

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**PRONUNCIATION**

**a Which word has a different sound? Tick (✓) A, B, or C.**

Example: A van  B tram  C lane

- 1 A loan  B cost  C owe
- 2 A save  B waste  C travel
- 3 A charge  B jam  C gate
- 4 A paid  B aisle  C tiny
- 5 A worth  B lorry  C earn

**b Which is the stressed syllable? Tick (✓) A, B, or C.**

Example: A exciting  B exciting  C exciting

- 6 A motorway  B motorway  C motorway

- 7 A underground  B underground  C underground
- 8 A salary  B salary  C salary
- 9 A exhausted  B exhausted  C exhausted
- 10 A inherit  B inherit  C inherit

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Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation total	50
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